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FILE COVERS 1907 - 14 Oct 2005 VOL 143 ISS 17

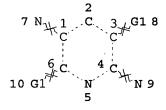
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L2 STR



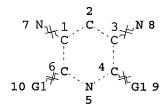
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE



VAR G1=O/S/N NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

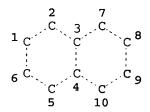
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 SCR 2043

L10 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L6 AND (L2 OR L3) AND L8

L11 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L10

=> d l11 bib abs ind hitstr 1-3

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1973:454044 HCAPLUS

DN 79:54044

TI Acid addition salts of 2,3,5,6-tetraaminopyridine

IN Gerber, Arthur H.

PA Horizons, Inc.

SO U.S., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 3740410	A	19730619	US 1970-92154	197011
	US 3804804	A	19740416	US 1971-151601	23 197106
	US 3838154	A	19740924	US 1973-324282	09 197301
			•		17

PRAI US 1970-92154 A 19701123

AB 2,6-Diamino-3,5-dinitropyridine (I) [34981-11-8] was prepared from 2,6-diaminopyridine (II), and was catalytically reduced to the 2,3,5,6-tetraaminopyridine (III) free base (and its acid salts), which were polym. to form thermally stable polymers. Thus, a mixt. of 250 cm3 H2SO4 and 54.5 g II at <25.deg. was blended with 30 cm3 H2SO4 and 76 g HNO3 during 2 hrs at 10 +-5.deg.. The soln. was

heated to 70.deg. during 45 min and heated at 75.deg. for 30 min to obtain 63 g I, which was dissolved (15 g) in 100 cm3 hot H3PO4-MeOH soln. The soln was cooled to 25.deg., diluted with 135 cm3 HCO2H (saturated with HCl) and 15 cm3 HCl, and mixed with 5% Pd/charcoal (2.88 g). The mixt was heated at 75.deg. and 55 psi H, filtered, and the filtrate added to a THF-HCl soln to ppt. the III HCl salt. A soln. contg. 333 g 116% deoxygenated polyphosphoric acid and 3.32 g III.HCl was heated at 75-80.deg. in N, blended with 4.05 g 1,4,5,8-naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid [128-97-2], and the mixt. heated 10 hr at 180.deg. to yield 3.4 g heterocyclic polymer, which required > 2 hr heating at 1000-1100.deg. in an open crucible for complete combustion. C07D INCL 260295000S 35-2 (Synthetic High Polymers) pyridine tetraamino naphthalenecarboxylic polymn; aminonitropyridine prepn aminopyridine Heterocyclic compounds RL: USES (Uses) (polymers, from tetraaminopyridines and aromatic carboxylic compds.) Heat-resistant materials (tetraaminopyridine-aromatic polycarboxylic acid polymers) 41488-65-7P 91-19-0D, Quinoxaline, derivs., 37367-58-1P polymers RL: PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of thermally-stable) 141-86-6 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (nitration or chloroformylation of) 34981-10-7P 34981-11-8P 4936-27-0P 37367-31-0P 37367-45-6P 37406-34-1P 38926-45-3P 39132-54-2P 37406-32-9P 39132-55-3P 39365-94-1P RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 541-41-3 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with diaminopyridine) 37367-58-1P RL: PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of thermally-stable) 37367-58-1 HCAPLUS 1,4,5,8-Naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,3,5,6-pyridinetetramine trihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1

CRN 34981-10-7

CMF C5 H9 N5 . 3 Cl H

TC

CC

ST

ТТ

IT

IT

IT

TT

IT

IT

RN

CN

3 HCl

CM 2

CRN 128-97-2 CMF C14 H8 O8

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1973:125353 HCAPLUS

DN 78:125353

TI Heterocyclic polymers

IN Gerber, Arthur H.; Koch, Stanley D.; Adams, John S., Jr.

PA Horizons Research Inc.

SO Ger. Offen., 31 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	E A	APPLICATION	NO.		DATE
PI	DE 2166070		1972	1207				
	CA 973554				CA			
	GB 1361840				₿B			
PRAI	US 1970-97419		1970	1230				
AB	2,3,5,6-Tetraaminop	yridine	(I)	[38926-45	[-3] option	ally c	ontq.	

AB 2,3,5,6-Tetraaminopyridine (I) [38926-45-3] optionally contg. another tetraamino compd. was reacted with a polycarboxylic acid, a benzoquinone, or an arom. diglyoxalyl compd. to form thermally stable heterocyclic polymers useful as fibers and films. Thus, 3.32 g I.3HCl was treated with 333 g 116% polyphosphoric acid at .sim.75.deg., and the mixt. was blended with 4.05 g 1,4,5,8-naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid. The soln. was heated 10 hr at 180.deg. to yield 2,3,5,6-tetraaminopyridine-1,4,5,8-

```
naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid copolymer [38905-07-6],
     polymer, which required >2 hr at 1000-1100.deg. to completely
     combust. I was prepd. by nitrating 2,6-diaminopyridine and then
     reducing the dinitro product.
IC
     C08G
CC
     36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 27
     heterocyclic polymer aminopyridine; naphthalenecarboxylic acid
ST
     heterocyclic polymer
     Ring closure and formation
IT
        (in polymn. of aminopyridine with naphthalenetetracarboxylic
        acid)
IT
     Polymerization
        (ring closure in, of aminopyridine with
        naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid)
                   37367-45-6P 38905-07-6P
IT
                                              41488-65-7P
     37367-31-0P
     41488-81-7P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of, cyclization in)
IT
     141-86-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nitration of)
IT
                 34981-11-8P
                                 37406-32-9P
                                               37406-34-1P
                                                              38926-45-3P
     4936-27-0P
     39132-52-0P
                   39365-94-1P
                                  41344-47-2P
                                                41638-07-7P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
IT
     124-63-0 541-41-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with diaminopyridine)
IT
     38905-07-6P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of, cyclization in)
     38905-07-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     1,4,5,8-Naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid, polymer with
     2,3,5,6-pyridinetetramine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 38926-45-3
     CMF C5 H9 N5
H<sub>2</sub>N
             NH<sub>2</sub>
```

CM 2

H₂N

CRN 128-97-2 CMF C14 H8 O8

NHo

```
HO2C CO2H
```

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L11 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
```

AN 1973:98276 HCAPLUS

DN 78:98276

TI Heterocyclic polymers

IN Gerber, Arthur H.; Koch, Stanley D.

PA Horizons Research, Inc.

SO Ger. Offen., 68 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
					-	
ΡI	DE 2228067		19721228			
	US 3804804		19740000	US		
	US 3838154		19740000	US		
PRAI	US 1971-151601		19710609			
AB	Sol. polymers are	prepd. f	rom pyridine	e or bipyridine tetra	mines and	
	arom. polycarboxyl	ic acids	s, which are o	converted by heat to	chem and	
	heat-resistant products. Thus, heating 4.96 g 2,3,5,6-					
		A		14001 10 71 3 1 10		

arom. polycarboxylic acids, which are converted by heat to chem. - and heat-resistant products. Thus, heating 4.96 g 2,3,5,6-tetraaminopyridine trihydrochloride [34981-10-7] and 3.32 g isophthalic acid in 240 g 116% polyphosphoric acid 20 hr at 180.deg. gives 4.4 g isophthalic acid-2,3,5,6-tetraaminopyridine copolymer [39151-97-8]. The polymer is pptd. from H3PO4-HOAc by H2O and heated 4.5 hr at 220-5.deg. to give 3.1 g product showing wt. loss 3% at 500.deg..

IC C08G

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 27

ST pyridine amino copolymer; tetraaminopyridine copolymer; isophthalic acid copolymer; benzimidazole deriv polymer; heat resistance polymer

IT Heat-resistant materials

(heterocyclic polymers, contg. tetraaminopyridine)

IT Adhesives

(hot-melt, acrylic polymer-epoxy compd. reaction products as thermally stable)

IT Epoxides

Epoxy resins

RL: USES (Uses)

(reaction products with acrylic polymers, for hot-melt adhesives)

2-Propenamide, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, methyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenenitrile, reaction products
with epoxy resins

2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, methyl

```
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenamide, reaction products with
   epoxy resins
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, methyl
   2-methyl-2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate,
   reaction products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester, polymer with methyl
   2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-propenamide and 2-propenenitrile,
   reaction products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester, polymer with methyl
   2-methyl-2-propenoate, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and
   2-propenenitrile, reaction products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methylpropyl ester, polymer with
   ethenylbenzene and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, reaction
   products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl
   2-propenoate, 2-propenamide and 2-propenenitrile, reaction
   products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl
   2-propenoate, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and
   2-propenenitrile, reaction products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with
   2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and
   2-propenenitrile, reaction products with epoxy resins
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with
   ethenylbenzene and 2-methylpropyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, reaction
   products with epoxy resins
Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 2-methylpropyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate
   and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, reaction products with
   epoxy resins
Oxirane, (chloromethyl) -, polymer with 4,4'-(1-
   methylethylidene)bis[phenol], reaction products with acrylic
   polymers
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with
   (chloromethyl)oxirane, reaction products with acrylic polymers '
RL: USES (Uses)
   (adhesives, thermally stable hot-melt)
51-17-2DP, 1H-Benzimidazole, derivs., polymers
                                                 91-19-0DP,
Quinoxaline, derivs., polymers 37367-29-6P
                                               37367-30-9P
37367-31-0P
              37367-45-6P 37367-46-7P
                                          37367-51-4P
                                                        37367-57-0P
                            37367-62-7P
37367-58-1P
              37367-60-5P
                                          39955-70-9P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
   (heat-resistant, manuf. of)
141-86-6
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
   (nitration of)
4936-27-0P 34981-10-7P
                           34981-11-8P
                                         37406-32-9P
                                                       37406-34-1P
            39132-55-3P
38926-45-3P
                                          39893-02-2P
                           39893-01-1P
                                                       39893-04-4P
39893-05-5P 40212-44-0P
                            40865-40-5P
```

IT 37367-58-1P

IT

IT

TT

- RN 37367-58-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4,5,8-Naphthalenetetracarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,3,5,6-pyridinetetramine trihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 34981-10-7

CMF C5 H9 N5 . 3 Cl H

●3 HCl

CM 2

CRN 128-97-2 CMF C14 H8 O8

=>